3 SEM TDC GGRH (CBCS) C 5

2021

(Held in January/February, 2022)

GEOGRAPHY

(Core)

Paper: C-5

(Cartography)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed: $1 \times 5 = 5$
 - (a) Equator cannot be drawn in Polar Zenithal Gnomonic Projection.

(Write True or False)

(b) Orthomorphism / Equal area / Orthographic property is mentioned in Bonne's projection.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (c) Name the instrument by which 'rise and fall' method is applied to compute the level.
- (d) The term 'change-point (CP)' is associated with Plane table / Prismatic compass / Dumpy-level / Theodolite survey.

(Choose the correct answer)

(e) The line of collimation is also called the line of sight.

(Write True or False)

- 2. Write short notes on the following (each within 100 words): 3×4=12
 - (a) The Mercator projection
 - (b) Perspective group of projections
 - (c) Open and closed traverse survey
 - (d) Intersection method of plane table surveying
- Discuss the history of development of map projection mentioning the important contributions of different scholars.
- Define surveying. Discuss about the horizontal and vertical control of surveying method.

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5. A running closed traverse survey is given below. The length and bearing of the line *DA* could not be measured due to the presence of some obstruction between *A* and *D*. Calculate the length and bearing of the line *DA*:

6+6=12

Line	Length (in m)	Bearing
AB	38	215°30′
BC	55	164°45′
CD	85	35°0′
DA		

Or

What is levelling? Discuss the different types of levelling. 2+10=12
