3 SEM TDC EDNH (CBCS) C 6

2021

(Held in January/February, 2022)

EDUCATION

(Core)

Paper: C-6

(Measurement and Evaluation in Education)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Write True or False of the following:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) Psychological measurement has no true zero point.
- (ii) Reliability means consistency.
- (iii) The number of cards in Rorschach inkblot test is 10.
- (iv) The concept of IQ was first suggested by Alfred Binet.

(b) Write short answers of the following:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) What is formative evaluation?
- (ii) Mention one of the internal factors that affect reliability of a test.
- (iii) Mention one property of range.
- (iv) Write the formula of rank difference method of correlation.
- **2.** Write short notes on the following: $4\times5=20$
 - (a) Continuous and comprehensive evaluation
 - (b) Content validity
 - (c) Differential aptitude test
 - (d) Types of data
 - (e) Coefficient of correlation
- 3. What is educational evaluation? How does it differ from educational measurement? Discuss the importance of evaluation in education.

 2+5+4=11

Or

What is meant by educational measurement?
Write three characteristics of physical measurement. Discuss the importance of measurement in education.

2+3+6=11

4. What is called norm? Explain the different types of norm. 2+7=9

Or

What is standardized test? Describe the steps involved in construction of a standardized achievement test. 2+7=9

- 5. What are self-report inventories? Describe the advantages and disadvantages of self-report inventories as tools of assessment of personality. 2+4+4=10
- 6. What is meant by the term 'educational statistics'? Explain its importance in the field of education.

 2+3=5
- 7. Calculate the standard deviation from the following distribution table:

Class interval	Frequency
85-89	1
80-84	2
75–79	3
70–74	5
65-69	5
60-64	15
55–59	10
50-54	12
45-49	7
40-44	8
35-39	2
	$\overline{N} = 70$

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8. Draw an ogive or cumulative frequency curve from the data given below:

Class interval	Frequency
95–99	2
90–94	5
85–89	6
80–84	12
75–79	10
70–74	16
65–69	13
60–64	7
55–59	4
	$\overline{N} = 75$

9. Determine the correlation coefficient by rank difference method from the following two sets of scores and interpret the result: 5+1=6

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Y	32	24	42	54	42	67	58	57	49	87

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