3 SEM TDC CHMH (CBCS) C 5

2021

(Held in January/February, 2022)

CHEMISTRY

(Core)

Paper: C-5

(Inorganic Chemistry)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct answer:

1×6=6

- (a) The metal oxide which cannot be reduced by carbon is
 - (i) ZnO
 - (ii) PbO
 - (iii) Fe₂O₃
 - (iv) Cr2O3

(b)	The conjugate base of NH ₃ is
	(i) NH ₄
	(ii) NH ₂
	(iii) NH ²⁻
	(iv) N ³⁻
(c)	Number of 3c—2e bonds present is
	(i) 3
	(ii) 1
	(iii) 4
	(iv) 2
d)	The type of hybridization in NO_2^- ion is
	(i) sp
	(ii) sp ²
	(iii) sp ³
	(iv) dsp^3

- (e) The shape of XeF₄ molecule is
 - (i) tetrahedral
 - (ii) square planner
 - (iii) T-shape
 - (iv) octahedral
- The formula of inorganic benzene is (f)
 - (i) B₆H₆
 - (ii) B₃N₃H₆
 - (iii) Al₆H₆
 - (iv) B3A13H6
- 2. Write short notes on the following (any two):

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- Carbon reduction process (a)
- Van-Arkel process (b)
- (c) Hydrometallurgy

- **3.** Answer any *two* of the following questions : $3 \times 2 = 6$
 - (a) What are hard and soft acids and bases(HSAB)? Mention one application ofHSAB principle.2+1=3
 - (b) What are Lewis acids? Classify different types of Lewis acids with example. 1+2=3
 - (c) What are conjugate acid-base pair?

 Applying this concept, explain why water can act both as acid and base.

1+2=3

- **4.** Answer any *five* of the following questions: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) What is inert-pair effect?
 - (b) Explain the term 'diagonal relationship' with a suitable example.

(c)	Among	halides	, 1	ithium	iodide	is	the
	most c	ovalent	in	nature.	Why?		

- (d) Write the name and formula of two peroxoacids of sulphur.
- (e) What are pseudohalogens? Give example.
- (f) What are silanes? Give examples.

5. Answer any five of the following questions:

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- (a) Write one method of preparation and one use of boric acid. 2+1=3
- (b) Explain the bonding and structure of B_2H_6 . 2+1=3
- (c) Draw the electronic structure of HNO_3 , N_2O_4 and HNO_2 . 1+1+1=3
- (d) What are interhalogen compounds? Predict the geometry of ClF_3 and IF_7 . 1+1+1=3

- (e) What are carboranes? Give one example and structure of carborane. 1+1+1=3
- (f) Name the allotropes of phosphorous and draw their structures. 1+1+1=3
- **6.** Answer any *two* of the following questions:

 $3 \times 2 = 6$

- (a) Give one method of preparation and one chemical property of XeF₆.
- (b) Applying VSEPR theory, explain the geometry of XeF₂.
- (c) What are clathrates? Give one example of clathrates of noble gases.
- 7. Answer any two of the following questions:

 $3 \times 2 = 6$

(a) What are phosphazenes? Give a method of preparation of trimeric phosphonitrilic chloride. What happens when triphosphazene chloride is hydrolysed?

- (b) Give one method of preparation and bonding structure of borazine. 1+2=3
- (c) Give one method of preparation of linear, crosslinked and cyclic silicones.

 1+1+1=3
