6 SEM TDC HST M 1

2016

(May)

HISTORY

(Major)

Course: 601

(History of Ecology and Environment in India)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions in *one* word or in *one* sentence each: 1×8=8
 - (a) Who first coined the term 'environmental history'?
 - (b) Which is the national river of India?
 - (c) In which year, the Criminal Tribes Act was passed by the colonial government?

- (d) Name the famous book written by Sir Dietrich Brandeis.
- (e) Which two places of Assam were first connected by the railways?
- (f) Write the full form of UNEP.
- (g) "Ecology is permanent economy." Who made this slogan?
- (h) In which State, the Waste Land Grants Rules, 1838 was introduced by the colonial government?
- **2.** Write short notes on any *three* of the following: $4\times3=12$
 - (a) Resource utilization in industrial mode
 - (b) Environmental factors of the decline of Indus civilization
 - (c) Indian Forest Act, 1927
 - (d) Narmada Bachao Andolan
 - (e) Soil erosion problem of Assam
- 3. Discuss the evolution of environmental history as a branch of history. State its importance in the present-day world. 8+4=12

Or

Give a pen picture of the flora and fauna of Indian subcontinent with special reference to their ecological importances. **4.** Trace out how the use of iron implements and agricultural expansion caused deforestation in the Gangetic valley. 6+6=12

Or

Give a brief introduction of the forest and pastoral communities of medieval India. Mention their dependence on nature and the adversities they had to face in the subsequent period. 6+6=12

Why were the Britishers keen for a separate forest policy in India? Critically analyze the Forest Act of 1878.

Or

What is commercial exploitation of forest products? Write about the impact of railway construction on forestry during colonial period.

4+8=12

6. What were the objectives of the social forestry programme as a conservation policy in post-Independent period? How far was it successful? 8+4=12

Or

Highlight how the big dams and mines create problems of displacement, loss of livelihood and problems of rehabilitation. 4+4+4=12

7. Write a short essay on the flood problem of Assam.

12

Give a brief description of the practice of shifting cultivation in different parts of the North-East India and also mention its affect on environment.

12

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