6 SEM TDC BOT M 1

2014

(May)

BOTANY

(Major)

Course: 601



(Plant Physiology)

Full Marks: 48
Pass Marks: 19

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Fill in the blanks:

1×5=5

- (a) Plasmolysis occurs when a cell is placed in a —— solution.
- (b) The hormon signals the closure of stomata dur g severe draught.
- (c) The special chemical compound is found in the root nodules of legumes.

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(Turn Over)

- (d) The evolution of CO₂ in presence of light is known as —.
- (e) Exudation of liquids from edges of leaves is called —.
- 2. Write on/Answer the following in short: 3×3=9
 - (a) Physiological effects of water deficit
 - (b) "Transpiration is a necessary evil."

 Justify the statement.
 - (c) Emerson effect in photosynthesis
- 3. What is photoperiodism? Write the differences between short-day and long-day plants. What role does phytochrome play in flower initiation? 2+6+4=12

Or

Write notes on the following:

3×4=12

- (a) Phytohormones
- (b) Physiology of seed dormancy
- (c) Symbiotic nitrogen fixation
- (d) Vernalization

4. Discuss the process of glycolysis mentioning specific enzymes. What is the net gain of ATP? 8+2=10

Or

Describe the active and passive absorptions of water by roots in higher plants. Comment briefly on their relative importance. 8+2=10

- **5.** Write explanatory notes on any *three* of the following: 4×3=12
 - (a) Significance of CAM
 - (b) nif gene and nitrification
 - (c) Grand period of growth
 - (d) Dixon's theory of ascent of sap
 - (e) Role of calcium and potash in plant nutrition
