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**3 SEM TDC ECOH (CBCS) C 7**

**2 0 2 2**

( Nov/Dec )

**ECONOMICS**

( Core )

Paper : C-7

**( Statistical Methods for Economics )**

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8

(a) Which of the following averages is appropriate for computing rate of growth?

(i) Median

(ii) Mode

(iii) GM

(iv) AM

( Choose the correct answer )

(b) In measure of skewness, the absolute skewness is equal to

- (i) Mean + Mode
- (ii) Mean + Median
- (iii) Mean - Mode
- (iv) Mean - Median

( Choose the correct answer )

(c) What is random variable?

(d) Two events  $A$  and  $B$  are mutually exclusive,  $P(A) = \frac{1}{5}$ ,  $P(B) = \frac{1}{3}$ . Find the probability that at least one will occur.

(i)  $\frac{8}{15}$

(ii)  $\frac{2}{15}$

(iii)  $\frac{5}{15}$

(iv)  $\frac{1}{15}$

( Choose the correct answer )

(e) Binomial distribution depends on

(i)  $n$  only

(ii)  $p$  only

(iii)  $n$  and  $p$

(iv) None of the above

( Choose the correct answer )

(f) What is standard error?

(g) Spearman's correlation coefficient differs from Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation when \_\_\_\_\_.

( Fill in the blank )

(h) If both the regression coefficients are negative, correlation coefficient would be \_\_\_\_\_.

( Fill in the blank )

2. Write short notes on any *four* of the following : 4×4=16

(a) Mathematical expectation and its properties

- (b) Coefficient of determination and its uses
- (c) Sampling errors
- (d) Independent and dependent events
- (e) Formulation of null hypothesis

3. (a) Find the missing frequencies in the following distribution if  $N = 100$  and the median of the distribution is 30 :

Marks	:	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
No. of Students	:	10	—	25	30	—	10

Also mention the properties of the median. 8+3=11

Or

(b) The arithmetic mean and the standard deviation of a set of 9 items are 43 and 5 respectively. If an item of value 63 is added to the set, find the mean and SD of all the 10 items. Also state the merits of SD. 8+3=11

4. (a) (i) State and prove the multiplication theorem when events are independent.

(ii) Find the probability of drawing a king, a queen and a knave from a pack of cards in 3 consecutive draws, the cards drawn not being replaced.

$$7 \times 5 = 12$$

Or

(b) If 2 dice are thrown, what is the probability of getting—

(i) either total 8 or total 10;

(ii) at least one six;

(iii) total being multiple of 3 or 4;

(iv) total 9?

$$4 + 3 + 3 + 2 = 12$$

5. (a) (i) Point out the fallacy if any in the following statement :

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• The mean of a binomial distribution is 10 and its SD is 4.

(ii) Mention the properties and uses of Poisson distribution.

$$3 + 4 = 7$$

Or

(b) 8 coins are thrown simultaneously.

(i) Show that the probability of obtaining at least 6 heads is  $37/256$ .

(ii) Find the probability of obtaining at most 3 heads. 7+4=11

6. (a) Explain different methods of sampling. Mention two differences between sample and census. 9+2=11

Or

(b) In a certain sample of non-Hindu 2000 families, 1400 families are consumers of tea. Out of 1800 Hindu families, 1236 families consume tea. Use  $\chi^2$ -test and state whether there is significant difference between consumption of tea among Hindu and non-Hindu families. 11

7. (a) From the data given below, compute two regression coefficients and formulate the two regression equations :

$$\begin{aligned} \sum X &= 510, & \sum Y &= 7140, & \sum X^2 &= 4150, \\ \sum XY &= 54900, & \sum Y^2 &= 740200 & \text{and} \\ N &= 102 \end{aligned}$$

Also determine the value of  $Y$  when  $X = 7$ . 9+2=11

Or

(b) From the following data relating to sales and cost of sales of 10 companies, find out the Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation by the direct method :

<i>Sales</i>	:	50	60	55	65	75	70	75	80	90	80
<i>Cost of Sales</i>	:	12	14	15	10	12	15	11	16	18	19

Also interpret the result.

$$9+2=11$$

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